

To ensure the survival of Tehran's clergy, England officially prevented the publication of Siavash Avesta's secular ideas.

In support of the rule of the mullahs in Iran and in opposition to Siavash Avesta's rationalist and anti-superstition ideas, His Majesty the Great British Government officially entered the field. The Shia clergy was created by the British intelligence service. A Quds Force general was made famous by the name Dr. Hassan Abbasi for the purpose of a media and psychological assassination of Siavash Avesta.

Siyavash Avesta, Philosopher, essayist, historian of religions, media producer David Abbasi, known as Siyavash Avesta, is an Iranian-French intellectual, philosopher, and historian of religions, active for nearly forty-seven years in the fields of critical thought, historical analysis, media production, and the denunciation of political Islam and religious clericalism.



Since the late 1970s, his work — books, articles, radio and television programs — has focused on the historical roots of religious ideologies, the critique of theocracy, and the defense of a pre-Islamic Iranian identity described in his writings as “Ahurian Iran.”

47 years of intellectual and media struggle

The four minutes of presentation mentioned in this video constitute only a glimpse of a body of work developed over nearly half a century.

According to this biographical reading, the analysis of these productions makes it possible to understand why Siyavash Avesta would have been, for decades, the target of pressure, threats, smear campaigns, and identity-confusion operations.

Pressure and threats in the United Kingdom (1996)

In 1996, the British authorities reportedly officially intervened against his intellectual distribution network.

A close friend and collaborator, based in London and responsible for distributing his books, was allegedly arrested, then threatened with expulsion from the United Kingdom, along with his family.

He was reportedly expressly asked to cease all activities related to the publication and distribution of Siyavash Awesta's works (Mr FF).

These events are presented as a major turning point in the international obstruction strategy targeting his work.

Identity confusion operation and "media assassination"

According to this biographical file, during the same period, a media confusion operation was allegedly set up from Los Angeles.

A commander of the Qods Force of the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps, Yadollah Qazvini, was allegedly introduced in certain media outlets under the identity of "Dr Hassan Abbasi", with the aim of creating a symbolic and media substitution with Siyavash Awesta.

Until that date, the only Hassan Abbasi internationally known for his radical positions against the mullahs, political Islam, and the Arab religion was Awesta himself, active in numerous Persian-language, Arabic-language, and French-language media outlets.

The media exposure of this military official, presented as a commander of the Revolutionary Guards and close advisor to Ali Khamenei, reportedly produced such a powerful mimetic effect that, according to this account, the confusion still persists today in certain media and political circles.

Public testimonies and media confirmations

According to this file, this confusion did not remain theoretical. It was reportedly publicly mentioned and confirmed on multiple occasions, in Persian, on radio and television programs.

Among the witnesses and media figures explicitly cited:

A former senator, president and director of Radio Sedaye Iran in Los Angeles, as well as several Persian-language media executives and producers in the United States.

This confusion reportedly led some individuals to attribute to Awesta supposed links with the Islamic Republic, to the point that several allegedly asked him to intercede with the Supreme Leader in order to recover confiscated assets, properties, or pensions — such as Mr Morovati, Kambiz Atabai, Bahrami Moshiri, Manouchehr Bybian.

Political confusion and public correction

The file also mentions the case of Dr Nasr Esfahani, former Minister of the Interior under the Iranian monarchy and today coordinator of several political groups in exile.

During a television program, he reportedly publicly assimilated Siyavash Awesta to the commander of the Qods Force, particularly in the supposed context of relations with Donald Trump.

A few weeks later, he reportedly acknowledged his mistake and issued a public apology, on the air of Pars TV Los Angeles, admitting the confusion.

Intellectual precedence in the critique of political Islam

It is asserted that the essential contemporary critiques of:

political Islam

religious terrorism

the criminal methods of clericalism

and ideologies originating from desert currents

were first formulated as early as the 1980s in the works of Siyavash Awesta.

These analyses were reportedly developed in his books, articles, and programs broadcast on Radio Avaye Iran and Mehr TV, in Persian, French, and Arabic, well before their wider dissemination by other media figures.

Intellectual influence and ideological ruptures

Several public figures — artists, commentators, intellectuals — formerly defenders of political Islam or authors of religious-themed works, reportedly renounced their previous positions.

These evolutions allegedly led them to adopt analyses close to those developed by Siyavash Awesta and by other critical thinkers such as Dr Kourosch Aria Manesh and Dr Massoud Ansari, marking a profound ideological break.

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@siyavashAwesta